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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A negative electrode for lithium secondary battery, said negative electrode being obtained by sintering a mixture of an active material alloy and a binder arranged on a current collector made of metallic foil, or sintering a mixture of an active material alloy, conductive metal powder and a binder arranged on a current collector made of metallic foil,

wherein said active material alloy after said sintering process is substantially amorphous.

- 2. The negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein said active material alloy contains Si.
- 3. The negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein said active material alloy contains Al, Si and transition metal.
- 4. The negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein said sintering process is performed by heat treatment in a non-oxidizing atmosphere at a temperature lower than the crystallization temperature of said active material alloy.
- 5. The negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein said metallic foil has a surface roughness Ra of 0.2 μm or more.
- 6. The negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein said metallic foil is an

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electrolytic copper foil or a metallic foil having an electrolytic copper layer on its surface.

- 7. The negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein said conductive metal powder is copper or copper alloy powder.
- 8. A manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery, comprising the steps of:

disposing a mixture of an active material alloy which is substantially amorphous and a binder, or a mixture of said active material alloy, conductive metal powder and a binder, on a current collector made of metallic foil; and

sintering said mixture under a condition such that said active material alloy is substantially amorphous after sintered.

- 9. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said sintering is performed by heat treatment in a non-oxidizing atmosphere at a temperature lower than the crystallization temperature of said active material alloy.
- 20 10. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said active material alloy, or said active material alloy and said conductive metal powder are mixed with a solution of said binder to obtain slurry, and the obtained slurry is applied onto said current collector and then dried, and thereby, said mixture is

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disposed on the current collector.

- 11. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 10, wherein said mixture is rolled together with said current collector after said application and drying process.
- 12. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said active material alloy contains Si.
- 13. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said active material alloy contains Al, Si and transition metal.
- 14. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said metallic foil has a surface roughness Ra of 0.2 μ m or more.
- 15. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said metallic foil is an electrolytic copper foil or a metallic foil having an electrolytic copper layer on its surface.
- 16. The manufacturing method of a negative electrode for lithium secondary battery according to claim 8, wherein said conductive metal powder is copper or copper alloy powder.
- 17. A lithium secondary battery comprising; the negative electrode according to claim 1, a positive electrode and a non-aqueous electrolyte.
 - 18. A lithium secondary battery comprising; the

negative electrode manufactured by the method according to claim 8, a positive electrode and a non-aqueous electrolyte.